

HOST

VEGETABLE
TANNED LEATHER

CAT. M10



Spessore: 1,2 - 1,4 mm
Tipo di pelle: spalla di vacchetta
Origine materie prime: Francia spalla di vacchetta
Concia: al vegetale
Tintura: bottalata
Finitura: all'acqua
Tipo di grana-aspetto: liscia opaca & cerata

Pelle conciata al vegetale certificata dal "Consorzio Vera Pelle Italiana conciata al Vegetale". Esente da cromo, pentachlorofenolo e coloranti benzidinici. Biodegradabile.

Thickness: 1,2 - 1,4 mm
Leather type: cow shoulders
Origin Raw material: Francia cow hide shoulder
Tanning: vegetable
Dyeing: drum dyed through
Finishing: water finish
Grain type-look: smooth matt & waxed

Vegetable tanned leather certified by the Consortium "Genuine Italian Vegetable Tanned Leather". Do not contain chrome, pentachlorophenol and benzidine colorants. Biodegradable.

Épaisseur: 1,2 - 1,4 mm
Type de cuir: épaules de vache
Origine Matière première: Épaule de vache France
Tannage: au végétal
Teinture: teint dans la masse
Finition: à l'eau
Aspect: lisse, mat et ciré

Cuir tanné au végétal certifié par le consortium "cuir italien authentique tanné au végétal". Ne contient pas de chrome, de pentachlorophénol et de colorants à base de benzidine. Biodégradable



GHOST 31



GHOST 34



GHOST 35



GHOST 36



GHOST 33



DIVA - GHOST 36

BORZALINO
ITALIAN LUXURY LIVING

VEGETABLE TANNED LEATHER



MADE IN TUSCANY



The Tanning

The process of tanning, that is the transformation of animal skin into leather, is called "Concia al Vegetale" (Vegetable Tan) because of the exclusive use of vegetable tannins to perform this change. It is an entirely natural process. These tannins exist in the bark and trunk of trees such as chestnut, quebracho and mimosa. The tannins are extracted from the by-products of the woodworking industry, thus without depleting forests.

Biodegradable and Hypoallergenic

Vegetable tanned leather is completely biodegradable and indicated for anyone particularly sensitive to metals and synthetic chemical products. Our leathers are free or chrome, pentachlorophenol, benzidinici and azo-colorants. All the colors used in our production are strictly to legal norms.

Color-fade resistance

Oils and waxes are essential to our tanning process, but it is very hard to fix and isolate them during the Aniline finishing process. Treatments "a VACCHETTA" may sustain natural color-loss through wet or dry rubbing.

Difference of colors

Another typical characteristic of the vegetable tanned leather is the slight variation of color from skin to skin which is due to the presence of natural oils. Also, on the same skin, one can immediately notice the classic bi-color effect of the "puntina nera", where the uppermost part of the leather appears darker than that underneath.

Perfume

Vegetable tanned leather, treated and enriched with special oils, has an unforgettable perfume that brings us back in time, to when our fathers crafted these refined, rich leathers. To maintain this distinctive perfume, the leather must NOT be treated with solvents, pigments or resins.

Climate

In certain conditions of humidity and temperature the natural oils and creams used in the "nourriture" (the emollient phase) may

resurface giving the leather a whitish patina called "repoussé." Vegetable tanned leathers behave differently than other leathers that present the same problem, as they return to their original state of suppleness and shine by simply rubbing them with a wool or cotton cloth. The repoussé on vegetable tanned VACCHETTA leathers must not be considered a flaw or defect but rather a natural process. Time and use enhance the very quality and beauty of the leather itself.

Lightfastness

Another distinctive characteristic of vegetable tanned leather is the change in color it undergoes when exposed to a natural (sun) or artificial (electric, neon) source of light. Ultraviolet rays and the air itself are the principle agents in the oxidation that gives a yellowish hue to the cellulose of the tannins and determine this natural process called "Viraggio di Colore" (Veering of Color). The darker colors are not very affected by the change in hue. Meanwhile the natural colors, or the very light ones, are sensible to the veering and move towards a reddish hue.

A word of advice:

in order to avoid unpleasant surprises we advise all our client to take small precautions in view of their merchandise; rotate the objects, keep them away from direct sunlight. One must always remember that vegetable tanned leather is a natural product and thus subject to change in time.

Conclusions

Vegetable tanned leather is such a natural product that one can recognize and appreciate all of its minute qualities, its perfume, veins, marks and nuance of color. All these characteristics are the authentic proof of a luxurious product of high intrinsic quality that becomes more beautiful and valuable through the passage of time and use.

For us at the BORZALINO leather has an antique fascination, ever modern, in perfect harmony with man and nature.



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